



The colors of a traffic light will help you use your asthma medicines.

PREDICTED NORMAL PEAK FLOW READING:

Parent signature:

CENTRAL TEXAS ASTHMA ACTION PLAN

	light will help you use your asthma medicines.	To be completed by Physician Designee and signed by Physician			Date		
Green = Go Zone! Use preventive medicine.		Patient Name_			Date of Birth		
	Yellow = Caution Zone! Add quick-relief medicine.	Has the patient ever been admitted to ICU? () Yes () No Grade in School Has the patient ever required mechanical ventilation? () Yes () No Please classify this patient's asthma. Refer to these choices adopted from the NIH Asthma Management Guidelines. Asthma Classification by Physician: () Mild intermittent () Moderate persistent () Severe persistent					
	Red = Danger Zone! Get help from a doctor.						
PREDICTED NORMAL PEAK		Classification	Days with symptoms	Nights with symptoms	FEV1 or PEF (% pred. normal)		
FLOW READING: Sever		Severe persistent	Continual	Frequent	≤ 60%		
TLOW	Mod		Daily	≥ 5/month	> 60% to <80%		
	lmm.	Mild persistent	> 2/week	3 to 4/month	≥ 80%		
lpm Mild i		Mild intermittent	≤ 2/week	≤ 2/month	≥ 80%		
	W FROM TO You have all of these Breathing is good No cough or wheeze Sleep through night	What <u>preve</u> Does this p be given for E Take <u>only one</u>	ntative medications are pre	escribed and how often are acceded Asthma? () Yes () inutes before physical act	they given? Name and Dose No If yes, what medication with as needed.		
	Can work and play	OTHER:	X 2 puffs MDI & chamber		X 1 vial in nebulizer		
YELLOW	ZONE: Caution Signs	s or PF 50 – 79% of 1	Predicted Normal or 1	Personal Best – Cont	inue Preventative Medic	cation	
PEAK FLOW FROM TO You have any of these: - First signs of a cold - Exposure to known trigger - Coughing doesn't stop - Mild wheeze - Chest tightness		Taka Reco igger □ ALBUTEI □ XOPENEX	In case of an asthma exacerbation, what <u>quick-relief</u> medication should be used? Take <u>one treatment</u> every 4-6 hours as needed for 24-48 hours. Recheck peak flow 15 minutes after treatment □ ALBUTEROL puffs MDI & chamber □ ALBUTEROL 1 vial in nebulizer □ XOPENEX puffs MDI & chamber □ XOPENEX 1 vial in nebulizer □ OTHER: If treatments are needed for longer than 24-48 hours, call your doctor.				
RED ZON	NE: Danger Signs or PI	Below 50% of Pred	icted Normal or Perso	onal Best – Continue	Preventative Medicatio	n	
Your asthma is getting worse fast: Medicine isn't helping Breathing is hard and fast Nose opens wide Ribs show during breathing Can't talk well. Inhale & exhale wheeze		rse fast: ALBUTER ALBUTER ALBUTER ATABLE ALBUTER ATABLE ACOPENEX ATABLE ACOPENEX ATABLE ACOPENEX ATABLE ACOPENEX ATABLE ACOPENEX A	1. In case of an asthma exacerbation, what quick-relief medication should be used? Take one treatment every 20 minutes for up to three treatments only. Recheck peak flow 15 minutes after treatment □ ALBUTEROL puffs MDI & chamber □ALBUTEROL 1 vial in nebulizer □ XOPENEX puffs MDI & chamber □XOPENEX 1 vial in nebulizer □ OTHER: 2. Get immediate medical attention − Call your doctor. If at school, go to the nurse. Or, call 911.				
Physician s	ignature:	Physician name:		Telephone()	Date:		
For ch	ildren in school: Schoo	l Name:		School district			
	<u>ildren in school:</u> Schoo nbove signed physician, cer quick-relief asthma medica			school uistrict nd is capable of carryin	g and self-administering th	le	
_	ission for the school nurse i my child's asthma.	to administer the above	physician orders and to	communicate with my	child's health care provide	r	

Developed by the Austin Asthma Coalition for use by any Central Texas physician Based on 2002 NIH/NHLBI Guidelines for the Diagnosis and Management of Asthma.

Parent name:

Telephone: (____)